

# THE ROLE OF NON-GOVERNMENTAL NON-PROFIT ORGANIZATIONS IN ACHIEVING THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

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**Annotation:** The article analyzes the role of non-governmental organizations and other institutions of civil society in achieving sustainable development goals.

**Keywords:** Civil society, non-governmental organizations, sustainable development, national strategy.

It is known that public institutions are defenders of the interests of different segments of the population.

According to the Law of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On Non-Governmental Organizations", a non-governmental non-profit organization is a self-governing organization established on a voluntary basis by individuals and (or) legal entities that does not pursue the extraction of income (profit) as the main purpose of its activities and does not distribute the received income (profit) among its participants (members). A non-governmental non-profit organization is created to protect the rights and legitimate interests of individuals and legal entities, other democratic values, achieve social, cultural and educational goals, meet spiritual and other non-material needs, carry out charitable activities, and for other socially useful purposes [1].

Civil institutions are a distinctive feature of civil society in Uzbekistan. These criteria mainly include:

- representation (protection) of the interests of citizens;
- organization on the initiative and will of the people, the population (state support of this principle does not cancel);
- establish self-government in them;
- that membership or withdrawal is a voluntary right of every individual;

The role of public institutions in socio-political life has been studied in works such as M. Sharifkhodjaev, R. A. Ubaidullayeva, E. Khalilov, H. T. Odilkoriev, Sh. Mamadaliyev, F. Musayev, A. Huseynova.

It should be noted that over the past five years, as a result of the targeted implementation of a number of measures to liberalize the economy of Uzbekistan and transition to a market economy, great progress has been made. The proof of this is the positive changes in the social, economic and political spheres that occur in the life of every citizen of the Republic of Uzbekistan [2].

The adoption of the national Sustainable Development Goals and targets until 2030 lays the foundation for a new global partnership aimed at improving national well-being through the development of national standards for sustainable development and the harmonization of its economic, social, legal and environmental aspects.

In accordance with the UN General Assembly Resolution No. 70 on Sustainable Development adopted in our country in September 2015, as well as in order to organize systematic work on the consistent implementation of the UN Global Agenda for Sustainable Development until 2030, Cabinet

Resolution No. 841 was developed, and today its implementation by the responsible ministries and departments is carried out effectively [3].

In accordance with the UN Global Agenda for the Period up to 2030 and the Sustainable Development Goals, Uzbekistan is making joint efforts to promote national development priorities.

It should be noted that this program and other initiatives are the most important areas of the Action Strategy for 2017-2021, which consistently implements reforms in the political, social and economic spheres of the country and is fully consistent and consistent with the UN Sustainable Development Strategy.

It is well known that the role of civil society institutions in achieving the Sustainable Development Goals is enormous. It is clear from historical development that for the freedom and prosperity of civil society, the State and the law must be strong and fair. It should be noted that freedom is achieved by ordinary citizens, and by society as a whole. Hence, it can be said that a strong civil society should control the State, while the State should protect and promote the freedom of society [4].

It should be noted that in the Address of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan to the Oliy Majlis, it was noted that our reforms are reflected in the daily life of our people, and the achievement of the expected results depends on the effectiveness of public administration.

The main feature of civil society is to increase the social activity and political culture of citizens through the gradual transfer of state functions to public organizations.

Currently, thanks to the ongoing work of state bodies and non-governmental non-profit organizations, it is expected to further strengthen the role of civil society institutions in the republic.

Thus, during the period of active democratic renewal and modernization of the country, Uzbekistan has done a huge amount of work to create organizational and legal conditions, economic and legal guarantees for the formation and free development of non-governmental non-profit organizations and other civil society institutions, to ensure their active participation in democratic transformations and the liberalization of society. Today, non-governmental non-profit organizations are called upon to become an important factor in increasing the public activity of citizens, their broad involvement in solving important issues of public and state construction, and strengthening democratic values in the minds of people. It should be noted that the republic consistently implements the principle of "From a strong state to a strong civil society". That is, a large-scale transfer of some of the functions of state bodies to civil society institutions is being carried out.

The above indicates that today the non-governmental sector plays an important role in the implementation of programs of national scale and makes a tangible contribution to the comprehensive development of the country. Non-governmental non-profit organizations have rightfully taken a strong position in public construction, are a full partner of the government and a kind of conductor between the population of the country and the state [5].

In conclusion, I would like to note that as a result of the reforms carried out in our country, the constitutional and legal foundations for building a rule-of-law state and civil society were created. The current stage is characterized by the fact that the implementation of these reforms primarily takes into account the traditions inherent in the mentality of the Uzbek people, the experience of our country's path, as well as achievements in various spheres of life in developed countries of the world.

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